

Food, Insect, and/or Environmental Allergy Assessment Form

Date:	Students Name:			Grade:
Physician treating allergy:		Student's Age:		
Parent/Guardian:		Cell Number:		
Allergy:				
Triggers (circle	all that apply): EATING	TOUCHING	SMELLING (OTHER:
Child's reaction	(please be specific):			
How quickly doe	es the reaction appear (c	circle one): SEC	CONDS MIN	IUTES HOURS
Plan of action:	(Please describe in detai	l what you would	d like Parkviev	w Baptist School
to do if your cl	hild encounters an allerge	en during school	hours.)	
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	ation Form needs to be f yl) to be given in case of			
Date of last reaction:		Asthma?	NO YES	
How many time	s has your child had a re	eaction? NEVER	ONCE M	ORE THAN ONCE
Does your child	understand/know how to	avoid their alle	ergen? NO	YES
Medication:				
Epinephrine (inj	ect into outer thigh):	EpiPen 0.3m	ng ORE	EpiPen Jr 0.15mg
_	Epinephrine:			Date:
	Benadrylmg		_ •	
	, <u></u> -3			
		•		
Signature of Pa	arent/Guardian:			



FOR ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:

SEVERE SYMPTOMS



Shortness of breath, wheezing, repetitive cough



Pale or bluish skin, faintness, weak pulse, dizziness



THROAT

Tight or hoarse throat, trouble breathing or swallowing



Significant swelling of the tongue or lips



SKIN

Many hives over body, widespread redness



GUT

Repetitive vomiting, severe diarrhea



OTHER

Feeling something bad is about to happen, anxiety, confusion



COMBINATION

of symptoms from different body areas.







INJECT EPINEPHRINE IMMEDIATELY.

- 2. Call 911. Tell emergency dispatcher the person is having anaphylaxis and may need epinephrine when emergency responders arrive.
- Consider giving additional medications following epinephrine:
 - Antihistamine
 - Inhaler (bronchodilator) if wheezing
- Lay the person flat, raise legs and keep warm. If breathing is difficult or they are vomiting, let them sit up or lie on their side.
- If symptoms do not improve, or symptoms return, more doses of epinephrine can be given about 5 minutes or more after the last dose.
- Alert emergency contacts.
- Transport patient to ER, even if symptoms resolve. Patient should remain in ER for at least 4 hours because symptoms may return.



MILD SYMPTOMS



NOSE

Itchy or runny nose, sneezing



MOUTH

Itchy mouth



SKIN

A few hives, mild itch



GUT

Mild nausea or discomfort

FOR **MILD SYMPTOMS** FROM **MORE THAN ONE** SYSTEM AREA, GIVE EPINEPHRINE.

FOR **MILD SYMPTOMS** FROM **A SINGLE SYSTEM** AREA, FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS BELOW:

- Antihistamines may be given, if ordered by a healthcare provider.
- Stay with the person; alert emergency contacts.
- 3. Watch closely for changes. If symptoms worsen, give epinephrine.

IMPORTANT REMINDER:

Anaphylaxis is a potentially life-threating, severe allergic reaction. If in doubt, give epinephrine.